

Wireless Mesh Network with Small and Low Cost Devices

The goal of this project is to implement a wireless mesh network that provides connectivity and multimedia services in a geographic area such as a small campus.

Mesh networking performance is directly related to the number of available radio channels. Particularly, a mesh node with one wireless LAN chipset is able to transmit and receive on a single channel. As a result, a wireless mesh network rarely can fully exploit the aggregate bandwidth available in the radio spectrum provisioned by the standards. For a scientific explanation of this problem, please refer to this [research team page](#). In order to overcome this problem, we implement in this project low cost multi-channel mesh devices consisting of a wireless router with an additional WLAN adapter.

- TP-Link [MR3020](#) wireless router.
- USB WLAN adapter based on the [Ralink RT5370](#) chipset.
- Raspberry Pi [Model B](#).

Make sure you have the [attitude adjustment](#) release of OpenWRT on your TP-LINK MR3020. For more information on how to flash the firmware on your router and take basic control, please refer to [this article](#).

Start by updating the package list and installing the necessary packages for the USB WLAN adapter.

```
root@MeshNode:~# opkg update
root@MeshNode:~# opkg install kmod-rt2800-lib kmod-rt2800-usb kmod-rt2x00-lib kmod-rt2x00-usb
```



Figure 1. MR3020 with WLAN adapter

Plug the WLAN adapter on the USB port of your routeur and verify that is detected:

```
root@MeshNode:~# wifi detect
config wifi-device radio2
    option type     mac80211
    option channel  11
    option macaddr  00:e0:4c:81:88:8a
    option hwmode   11ng
    option htmode   HT20
    list ht_capab  GF
```

```

list ht_capab  SHORT-GI-20
list ht_capab  SHORT-GI-40
list ht_capab  RX-STBC1
# REMOVE THIS LINE TO ENABLE WIFI:
option disabled 1

config wifi-iface
    option device  radio2
    option network lan
    option mode    ap
    option ssid    OpenWrt
    option encryption none

```

Now, copy the detected WiFi modules into the wireless configuration of your MR3020.

```
root@MeshNode:~# wifi detect > /etc/config/wireless
```

Your wireless configuration file should be similar to the following:

/etc/config/wireless

```

config wifi-device radio0
    option type    mac80211
    option channel 11
    option macaddr f8:d1:11:bd:62:ce
    option hwmode 11ng
    option htmode HT20
    list ht_capab  SHORT-GI-20
    list ht_capab  SHORT-GI-40
    list ht_capab  RX-STBC1
    list ht_capab  DSSS_CCK-40

config wifi-iface
    option device  radio0
    option network lan
    option mode    ap
    option ssid    OpenWrt1
    option encryption none

config wifi-device radio1
    option type    mac80211
    option channel 11
    option macaddr 00:e0:4c:81:88:8a
    option hwmode 11ng
    option htmode HT20
    list ht_capab  GF
    list ht_capab  SHORT-GI-20
    list ht_capab  SHORT-GI-40
    list ht_capab  RX-STBC1

config wifi-iface

```

```
option device    radio1
option network   lan
option mode      ap
option ssid      OpenWrt2
option encryption none
```

Check that both antennas are working:

```
root@MeshNode:~# wifi up
Configuration file: /var/run/hostapd-ph0.conf
Using interface wlan0 with hwaddr f8:d1:11:bd:62:ce and ssid "OpenWrt1"
Configuration file: /var/run/hostapd-ph1.conf
Using interface wlan1 with hwaddr 00:e0:4c:81:88:8a and ssid "OpenWrt2"
```



The USB WLAN adapter does not seem to be supported in the latest Barrier Breaker release of OpenWRT. Additional packages are installed correctly but the adapter is not detected as a WLAN module.

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