

IPv6 in a Tunnel

This document explains how to bring IPv6 Internet connectivity to a lab platform using tunnels. This scenario is useful whenever IPv6 is not enabled on the Internet access of your Lab.

- General Context

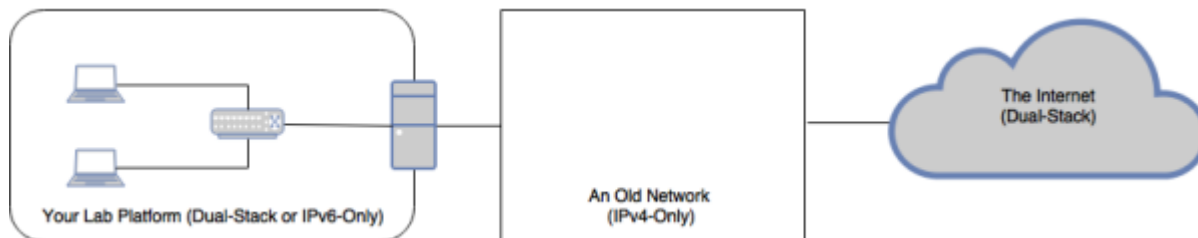


Figure 1. Internet connectivity and IPv6 support

As shown in Figure 1, we suppose that your lab is equipped with either dual-stack (supporting IPv4 and IPv6) devices or IPv6-only devices. In order to get IPv6 connectivity to your lab, you need to traverse a legacy IPv4-only network. Unfortunately, this is still the case for many Internet Service Providers around the world.

In such case, tunnel mechanisms can help you get IPv6 connectivity without waiting for the migration of the IPv4-only network. RFC 7059 presents an exhaustive overview of tunnel mechanisms. In this document, you will use a static 6in4 tunnel. Precisely, IPv6 packets generated by your lab devices are encapsulated in IPv4 headers in order to traverse the IPv4-only network. This IPv4 header is removed, and the original IPv6 packets are routed on the dual-stack Internet. The incoming packets undergo a similar process to reach your lab devices.

- Tunnel Example Configuration

Figure 2 illustrates a deployment example of the 6in4 tunnel. In this example, the Tunnel End-Point (TEP) is a specific device that has IPv4 Internet connectivity on interface e1. The TEP adds and removes the encapsulating IPv4 headers. Therefore, a specific configuration should be applied on this device. Moreover, you can choose this device to be the default gateway for your lab in a way that all ongoing IPv6 traffic benefits from the tunnelling mechanism.

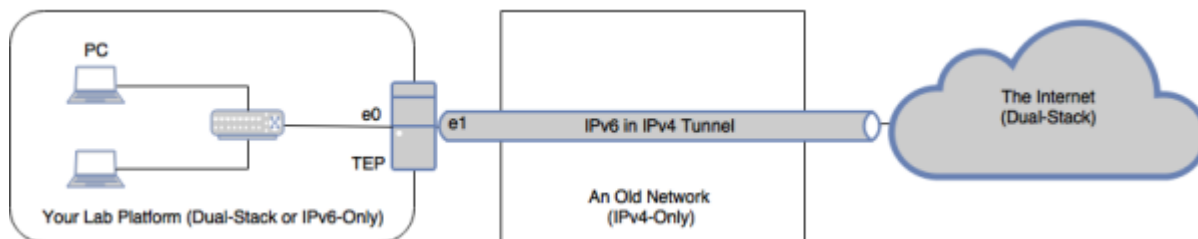


Figure 2. 6in4 Tunnel for extending IPv6 connectivity

Hurricane Electric provides a free service for 6in4 tunnels. Subscription is available on <https://tunnelbroker.net>. Start by creating a Regular Tunnel. Then, put the IPv4 address of

interface e1 of your TEP in the field IPv4 Endpoint (Your side) and select the nearest tunnel server. Verify that everything is set accordingly in the tunnel details page. Click on Example Configurations and copy the commands for your operating system. For example, if you are using an Debian based TEP, you can use the following configuration template in your /etc/network/interfaces file:

```
auto he-ipv6
iface he-ipv6 inet6 v4tunnel
    address #TEP_IPv6_address
    netmask 64
    endpoint #Tunnel_server_IPv4_address
    local #TEP_e1_IPv4_address
    ttl 255
    gateway #Tunnel_server_IPv6_address
```



When behind a firewall appliance, make sure that protocol 41 is not filtered. Note well that 41 is the IPv6 protocol number encapsulated in IPv4 (and not a port number) and should be authorized. For instance, the [configuration](#) on a Cisco firewall uses the following syntax: `access-list 101 permit 41 source destination`.

Now, you can verify the configuration of your tunnel interface `ip -6 addr show dev he-ipv6` on the TEP and test if the IPv6 connectivity is working `ping6 ipv6.google.com`.

-. Lab Platform Configuration

Hurricane Electric has automatically assigned a /64 prefix to your account and routed it to the Client IPv6 Address. You can retrieve the address on the tunnel details page under the Routed IPv6 Prefixes section. This prefix allows your TEP to operate as the router for this prefix and allows you to utilize static or automatic configuration to hand out IPs from this allocation to your internal network. In the following, we will examine these two methods.

```
ip -6 addr add Routed_Prefix::1/64 dev e0
```

-. Static Configuration

```
ip -6 addr add Routed_Prefix::X/64 dev PC_interface
ip -6 route add default via TEP_e0_link_local_IPv6_addr
```

-. Stateless Auto-Configuration

```
interface eth1 {
```

```
    AdvSendAdvert on;
```

```
prefix 2001:470:1f13:ab6::/64
{
    AdvOnLink on;
    AdvAutonomous on;
};
```

```
};
```

```
/etc/init.d/radvd
```

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